Grounding and Bonding For Home Stations

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Goals of the Presentation

- Understand "ground" and "bond"
- Appreciate the different requirements for ac safety, lightning protection, and RF

- Discuss issues and techniques for home HF stations
- Common system satisfies all requirements
- Provide comprehensive resources

Ham Radio References

- ARRL Handbook, ARRL Antenna Book
- Lightning Protection for the Amateur Station (Ron Block, NR2B - Jun/Jul/Aug 2002 QST) - ARRL website
- Power, Grounding, Bonding, and Audio for Amateur Radio and RFI, Ferrites, and Common Mode Chokes For Hams - available at k9yc.com/publish.htm
- W8JI website (w8ji.com/ground_systems.htm) and for mobile stations KØBG website (k0bg.com)

Background References

Grounding and Bonding for the Radio Amateur Covers AC wiring, lightning protection, and RF management Reviewed by a number of experts, including the ARRL Lab Numerous examples for you to use - a "toolbox"



What <u>IS</u> "Ground" Anyway

- "Ground" has different meanings
 - Noun an "earth connection" (ac, lightning) or a <u>local</u> reference potential (circuits, RF)

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- Verb an action "to connect to the reference potential"
- Adjective a type of connection, such as a "ground conductor" or "ground system"
- It can mean all of these things at the same time
 - "I'm grounding the chassis to ground with a ground wire."

What <u>IS</u> "Ground" Anyway

 The Earth is NOT - a magic sink into which we can pour RF or lightning and expect it to magically and safely disappear (same for the vehicle body)

- Fuzzy definitions:
 - "RF ground" ain't no such thing, only local reference potential
 - "Ground loops" not the problem you think they are
 - "Single-point ground" depends on frequency
- Each set of requirements uses "ground" differently

What <u>IS</u> "Bonding" Anyway

- Bonding is a connection intended to keep two points at the same voltage
 - Everything goes up and down TOGETHER
 - Prevents shock hazards from voltage differences
 - Prevents destructive voltage differences caused by lightning surges
 - Limits current between devices caused by voltage differences from RF pickup

What <u>IS</u> "Bonding" Anyway

- For bonding to work, it has to be...
 - Low-Z and electrically "short" at the frequencies of interest

- Heavy enough to carry the expected current
- Sturdy enough to survive the environment
- In the ham station, use strap (20 ga) or heavy wire (#14)
 - Flat-weave, tinned braid if equipment moves around
 - Protect braid from moisture and chemicals
 - Exposed braid from old coax deteriorates don't use it
- Works in your favor for ac safety, lightning protection, and RF management

AC Safety Grounding

- Grounding for ac safety has several names
 - "Equipment ground", "third-wire ground", "green-wire ground"
- Keep ground connections low-resistance
- Purpose is two-fold
 - Provides a path to ac common point for fault current (shorts, leakage)
 - Earth connections stabilize the ac power system voltage during faults or transients, such as lightning

AC Safety Grounding

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- If you aren't sure you know what you're doing...get a how-to reference
- NEC <u>Handbook</u> at your library
- Follow special rules for sub-panels and outbuildings
- Hire a pro electrician to do the work or inspect yours
- Local code is the law

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Current with 2017-2020 Electrical Codes

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- You can't steer lightning, but...you can help lightning make "good decisions"
 - Heavy, direct paths to the Earth to dissipate charge in the ground
 - Inductance is more important than resistance
 - Paths should be *OUTSIDE* your residence
 - Don't make it easy for lightning to go <u>through</u> your station on its way to the Earth

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• Single-Point Ground Panels (SPGP)

- Bonds grounds of all entry paths
 - Connected to perimeter ground
- All protectors "fire" at the same time
 - Minimize voltage differences due to transient timing
- Includes non-RF and AC power
- Keep protected and unprotected cables separated

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 Singlepoint
Ground
Panel
(SPGP)



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 Single-point Ground Panel (station entry)



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• Single-point Ground Panel (tower base)



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ARRL1495 Bond ALL earth connections together required! Electrical Panel Perimeter Ground Antenna Ground Ground Rod Rod

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 Don't create lowimpedance paths through your station



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 Ground paths should go *around* your station



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- Rods and radials
- Bond feed lines to the tower every 50 feet

 Spark gaps for insulated base towers



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• EVERYTHING IN THE STATION IS AN ANTENNA!



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• Forget about an all-band "RF ground"

- Concentrate instead on bonding
- Keep connections *electrically short*
- Keep everything at the <u>SAME</u> voltage
- Amplifiers = high RF field strength
 - Requires extra attention to bonding

Create common reference plane and/or bus

- Bonding inside the shack
 - Eliminates "hot spots", reduces "buzz" and hum
 - Reduces RFI from common-mode current
 - Reduces sensitivity to physical configuration



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- Minimize loop area and cable length
- Short or coiled cables
- Use a bonding bus and reference plane
- Use shielded cables
- Short straps or wires



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Ground System Review

- A single, solid ground system made of short, heavy, direct connections can satisfy all of the requirements for...
 - AC Safety
 - Lightning Protection
 - RF Management & Clean Audio
- Bond all grounds, keep protectors together
- Perimeter ground helps keep lightning currents outside the building

Additional Resources

- Professional Associations and Companies
 - National Fire Protection Association (www.nfpa.org)
 - International Association of Electrical Inspectors (www.iaei.org)
 - Mike Holt Enterprises (www.mikeholt.com) training and continuing education for electricians, many tutorials
 - Polyphaser (www.polyphaser.com/resources/white-papers) various papers and tutorials on lightning protection for communications facilities, including ham stations

Additional Resources

- Standards
 - Standards and Guidelines for Communication Sites (Motorola R56) - available online
 - FAA Document on Practices and Procedures for Lightning Protection, Grounding, Bonding, and Shielding Implementation – www.faa.gov/documentLibrary/media/Order/6950.19A.pdf
 - IEEE Std 1100 2006, IEEE Recommended Practices for Powering and Grounding Electronic Equipment www.ieee.org (available from most libraries)
 - MIL-HDBK-419A Grounding, Bonding, and Shielding for Electronic Equipments and Facilities (Vol 1 and 2) www.uscg.mil/petaluma/TPF/ET/_SMS/Mil-STDs/MILHDBK419.pdf

Additional Resources

- Books and Online Material
 - Block, R. R., The "Grounds" for Lightning and EMP Protection, Second Edition, PolyPhaser Corporation, 1993.
 - Rand, K. A., Lightning Protection and Grounding Solutions for Communications Sites, PolyPhaser Corporation, 2000.
 - ARRL Technical Information Service sections
 - Electrical Safety www.arrl.org/electrical-safety
 - Grounding (various types and topics) www.arrl.org/grounding
 - Lightning Protection www.arrl.org/lightningprotection

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THANKS!!